

# Assignment 3

Due Thursday July 23

On this homework, 4 problems will be picked at random and graded. So make sure you complete all problems.

IMPORTANT: Always prove your answers! I expect full proofs justifying any yes or no answers!

**Problem 1** Let  $H = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : y = 0\}$ .

1. Sketch  $H$  in the plane.
2. Consider  $\mathbb{R}^2$  as a group under vector addition. Is  $H$  a subgroup?
3. Describe the cosets of  $H$  in geometric terms and make a sketch of a few of the cosets.

**Problem 2**

1. Let  $G$  be a group and  $H$  a subgroup of  $G$ . Prove that there exists an injective homomorphism  $f : H \rightarrow G$ .
2. Prove that  $D_3$  (symmetry group of equilateral triangle) is a subgroup of  $S_3$ . Hint: What do elements of  $D_3$  do to the vertices  $\{1, 2, 3\}$  of the triangle? Does this tell you anything about how the elements in  $D_3$  are related to the elements in  $S_3$ ?
3. Prove that  $S_3$  is isomorphic to  $D_3$ .
4. Use part 2 as inspiration to prove that  $D_n$  is a subgroup of  $S_n$ .

**Problem 3**

1. Let  $G$  be an Abelian group, and let  $n$  be any positive integer. Prove that the function  $\phi : G \rightarrow G$  defined by  $\phi(x) = x^n$  is a homomorphism.
2. Is  $\phi : G \rightarrow G$  (as above) still a homomorphism if  $G$  is not Abelian?
3. Let  $G = (\mathbb{Z}_{15}^\times = \{1, 2, 4, 7, 8, 11, 13, 14\}, \cdot)$  where  $\cdot$  is multiplication modulo 15. Let  $n = 2$ , and find the kernel and image of  $\phi$ .

**Problem 4** Let  $G$  be a group.

1. Show that, if  $G$  is Abelian, then any subgroup of  $G$  is normal.
2. Is the intersection of a collection of normal subgroups of  $G$  normal?
3. Let  $K < H < G$  be subgroups of  $G$ , and suppose that  $K$  is normal in  $G$ . Is  $K$  normal in  $H$ ?
4. Let  $K < H < G$  be subgroups of  $G$ , and suppose that  $K$  is normal in  $H$ . Is  $K$  normal in  $G$ ?

**Problem 5** Compute/find  $\text{Aut}(S_3)$ .

**Problem 6** Show that  $S_3 \times \mathbb{Z}_2$  is isomorphic to  $D_6$ . How many subgroups, and how many normal subgroups does this group have?